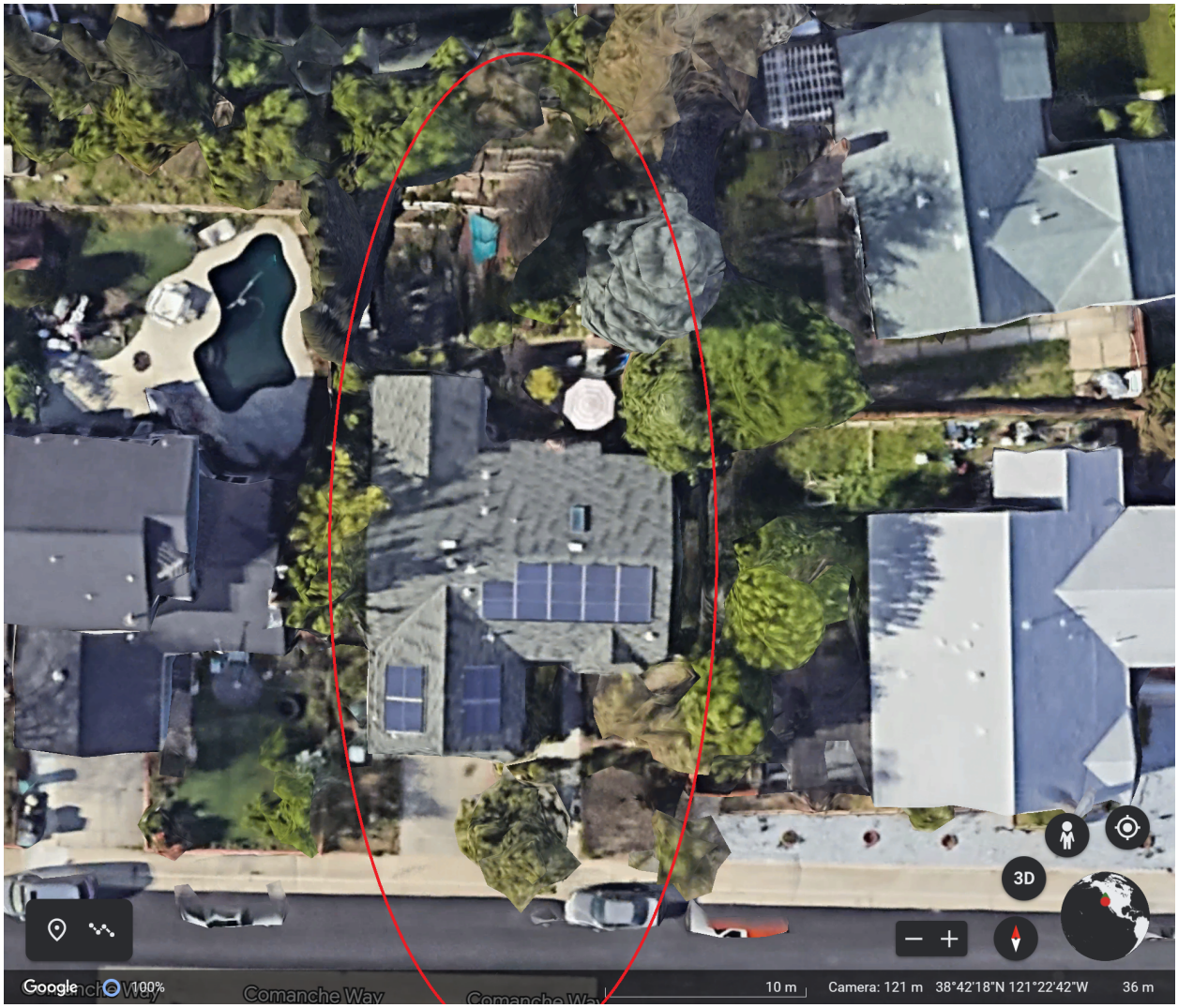
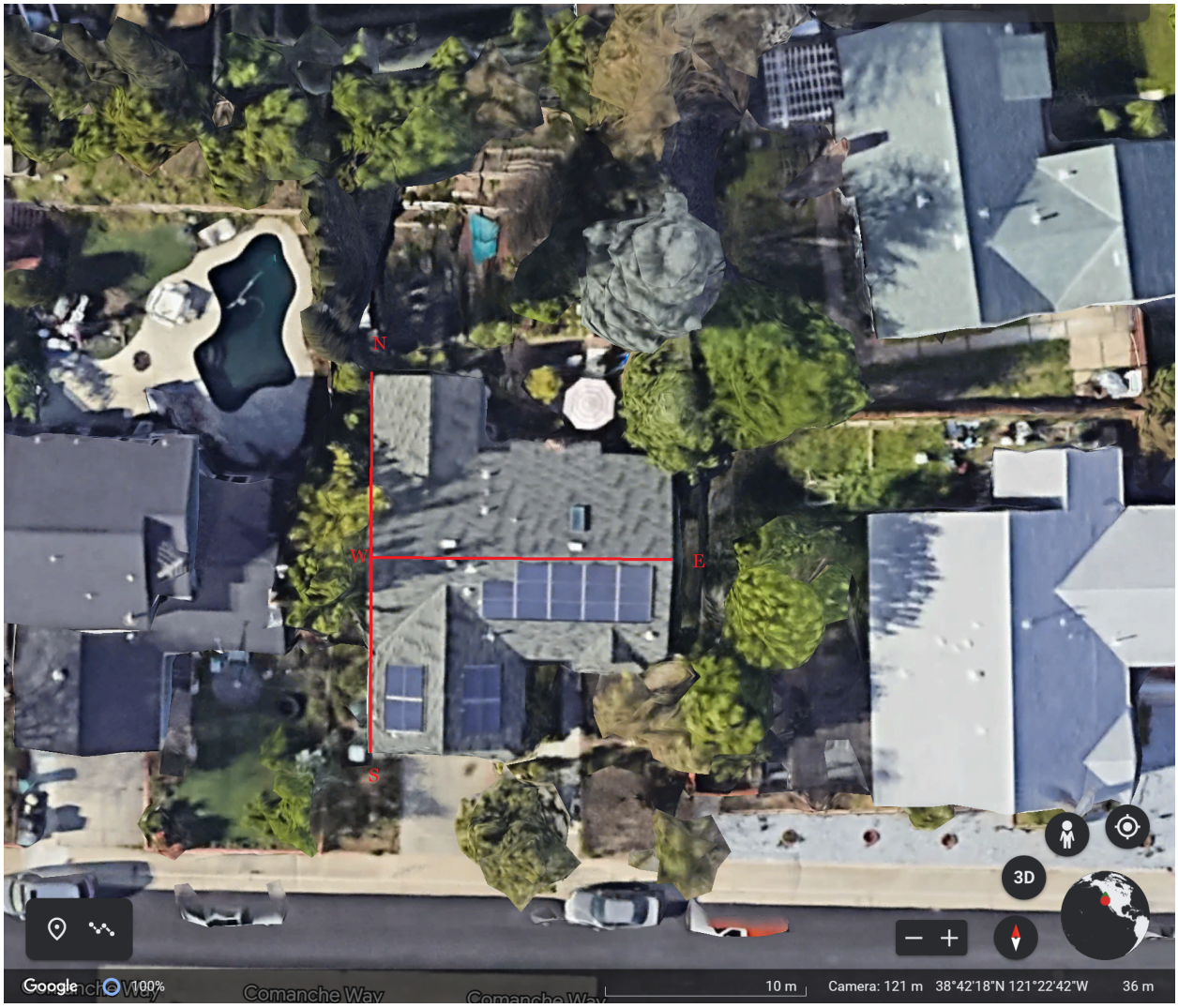
Geomancy of Manansala Family House

Geomancy is a traditional system used primarily to find the “auspicious” locations for building homes, buildings, tombs and other structures or landscaping. This esoteric art also includes guidelines on how to increase the overall fortunate aspects regarding these sites involving design, planning, construction and decoration.



This is the modest Manansala Family home in Antelope, California. The front door faces the South, a bit toward the Southwest. The backyard patio faces the North and from there the North Star (Polaris) is visible.

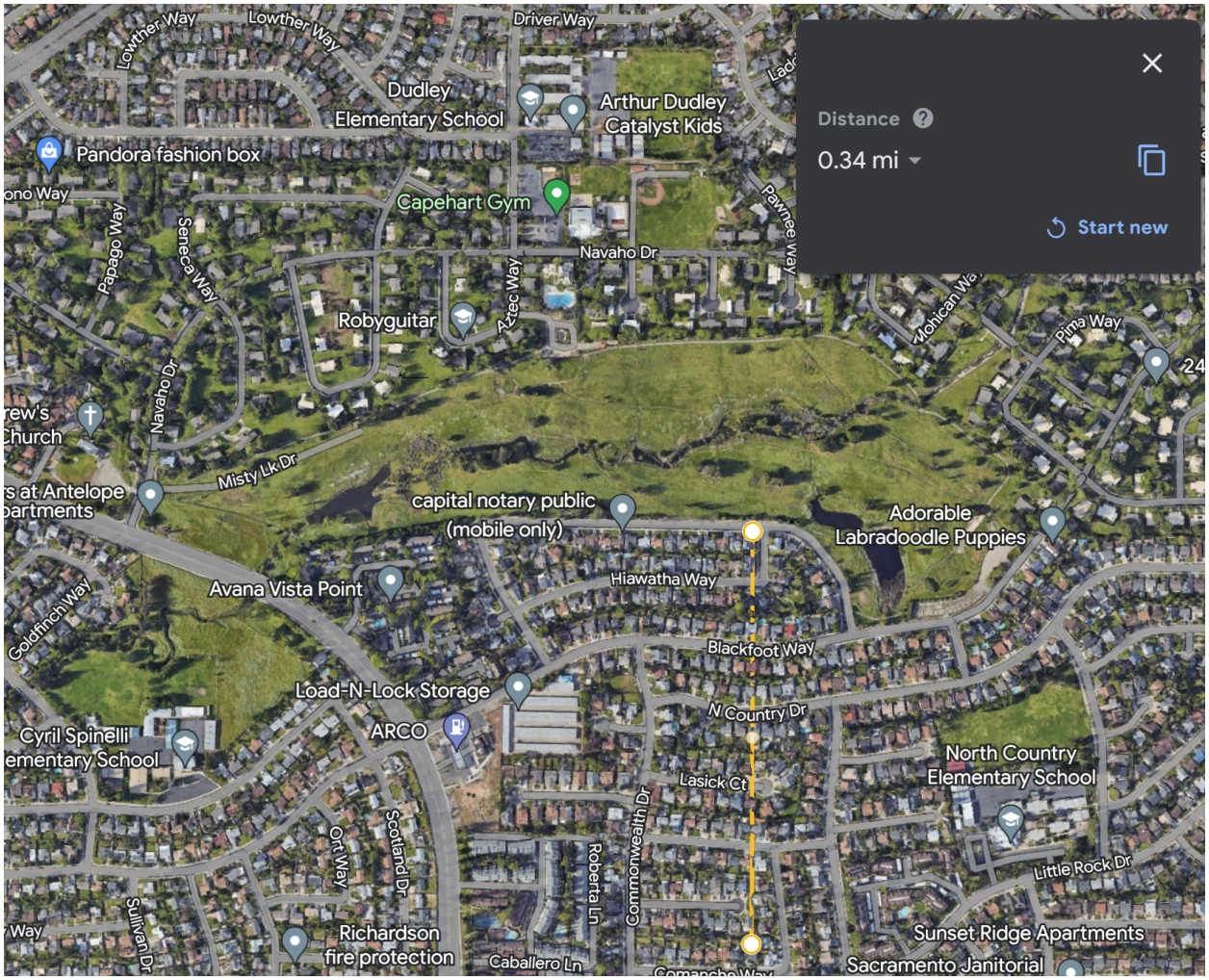


The home has a sideways T-shape, which can be taken to represent a tree according to geomancy. The trunk toward the direction of the “roots” would point toward the East. The window to the East in the home is located in the kitchen.

There is a slope in the backyard that goes up about 18 feet to the fence at the neighbor’s yard. This slope has three terraces on it with garden and ornamental trees and plants. Among the trees in the backyard are pomegranate, fig and persimmon. On the west side of the yard are lemon, orange and Asian pear trees. The east side has potted herb plants.

In the front yard are crepe myrtle and magnolia trees along with an assortment of plants and vines in the ground and in pots including wisteria, bird of paradise and bougainvillea.

On the roof are an array of solar panels for harvesting renewable energy. Also on the roof are two solar windows that light up the living room and the hallway that runs north-south along the western side of the house during the day. A pool is located in the neighbor’s yard to the West.

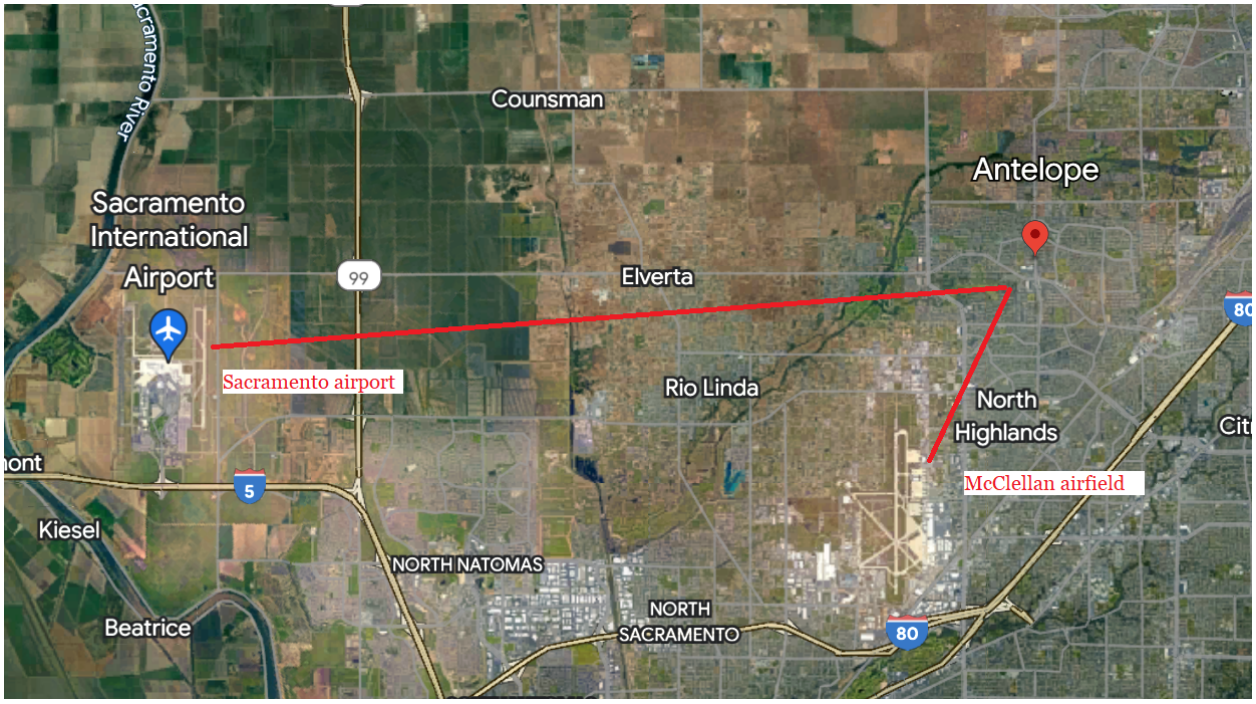


In this image from Google Earth, we can see that about a third of a mile to the north of the house is a golf course.

From above the golf course looks something like a marine or aquatic creature. The Sierra Creek runs through the course and there are several ponds located there. Water is considered to bring prosperity in East Asian geomancy.

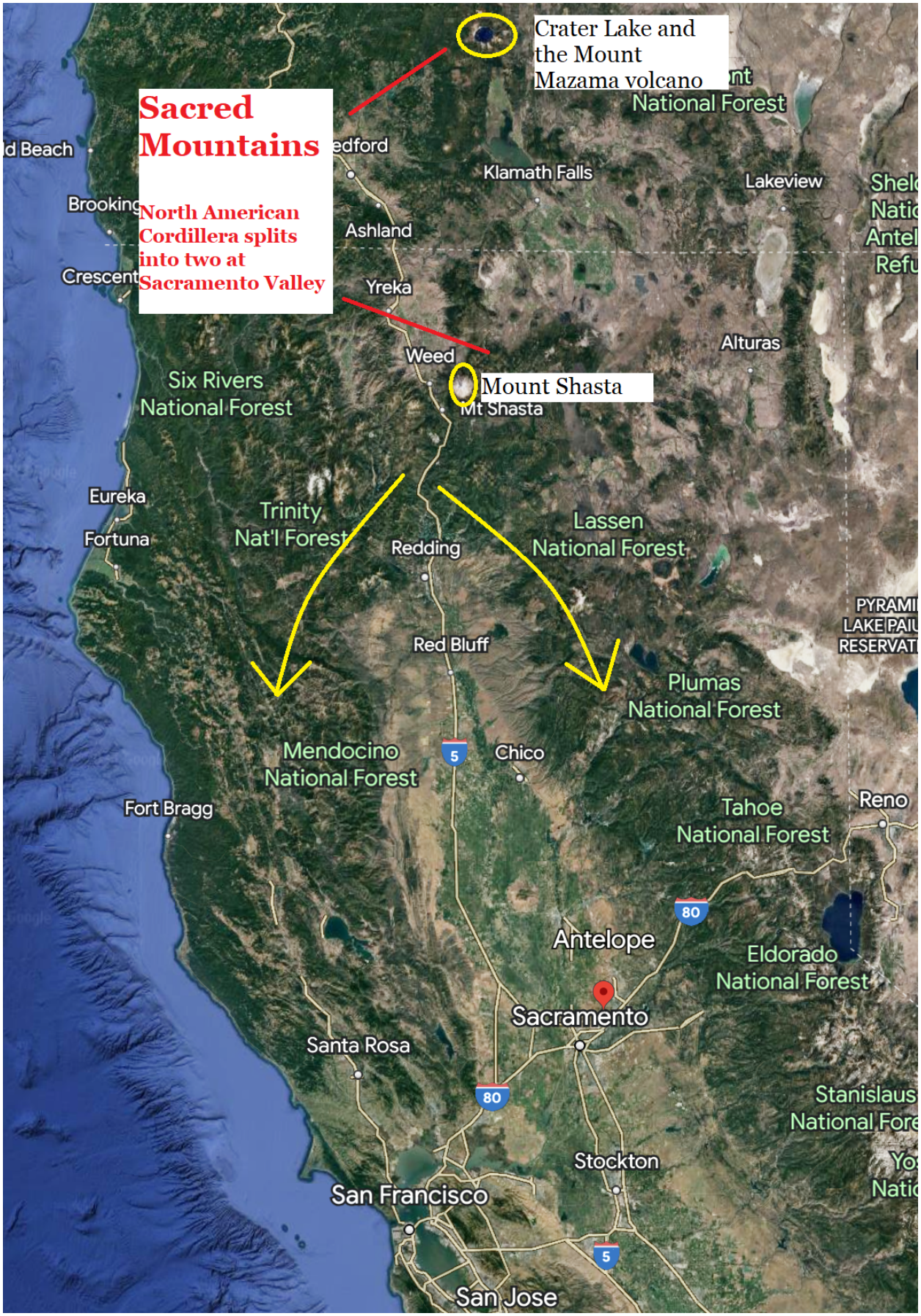
The golf course is actually no longer in use, so it serves more like a nature preserve these days although there appears to be some construction ongoing in the area.

In this wider shot from Google Earth, we can see about a little over 2 miles to the North is Dry Creek. To the west are rice fields – flooded during the growing season – and to the southwest is the confluence of the Sacramento River and the American River. Directly to the south about 8 miles away is the American River. To the east, is the Folsom Lake reservoir, a spawning location for salmon, steelhead and other species in the river just below the dam. This shows the strong presence of water in the area although there are also dry fields to the north and west.



Located nearby are two airfields, the Sacramento International Airport, and closer is McClelland Field, formerly a U.S. Air Force base. The airfield is still used by the Coast Guard, California fire-fighting aircraft and by civilian aircraft.

In this shot, we can see that Antelope sits beside the vast rice-growing area to the north and northwest. The Sacramento Valley is flanked by two mountain ranges: the Sierra Nevad to the east with Lake Tahoe as a massive water source, and to the west the California Coastal Range. Mountains are seen as having protective qualities in geomancy. To the south is the Sacramento San Joaquin Delta and to the southwest is the San Francisco Bay, which acts as a “mouth” through the coastal range to the Pacific Ocean.


Crater Lake and the Mount Mazama volcano
Sacred Mountains
North American Cordillera splits into two at Sacramento Valley
Mount Shasta
Crescent
Yreka
Weed
Mt Shasta
Alturas
Ashland
Klamath Falls
Lakeview
Six Rivers National Forest
Eureka
Fortuna
Trinity Nat'l Forest
Redding
Lassen National Forest
Red Bluff
Plumas National Forest
Mendocino National Forest
Chico
Fort Bragg
Tahoe National Forest
Reno
Antelope
Eldorado National Forest
Sacramento
Santa Rosa
Stockton
San Francisco
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